

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q/A

(Amendment No. 1)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended April 30, 2023

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 001-38555

THE LOVESAC COMPANY

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

32-0514958

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

Two Landmark Square, Suite 300

Stamford, Connecticut

06901

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (888) 636-1223

Not applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$0.00001 par value per share	LOVE	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files) Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of May 31, 2023, there were 15,216,988 shares of common stock, \$0.00001 par value per share, outstanding.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

Overview

The Lovesac Company (“Lovesac”, the “Company”, “we”, “our” and similar terms) is filing this Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-Q/A (“Amendment No. 1”) to amend and restate certain items presented in the Company’s Quarterly Form 10-Q for the period ended April 30, 2023, which was initially filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) on June 9, 2023 (the “Original Form 10-Q”). This Amendment No. 1 contains our unaudited restated quarterly condensed financial statements for the periods ended April 30, 2023 and May 1, 2022 and (collectively, the “Affected Periods”), respectively, which have been restated to correct certain errors, related to the accounting for last mile shipping expenses as further described below (the “Misstatements”), along with other immaterial accounting errors that when aggregated with the Misstatements are material in respect to the affected financial statements (refer to Part I, Item 1, Note 2. Restatement and Other Corrections of Previously Issued Condensed Financial Statements in the notes to the condensed financial statements included in this Amendment No.1 for additional information). All material restatement information that relates to the Misstatements will be included in the Amended Reports, and we do not intend to separately amend other filings that the Company has previously filed with the SEC. As a result, such prior reports should no longer be relied upon.

In addition, we have filed an amendment to the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 29, 2023 (the “Form 10-K/A”) that restated our audited annual financial statements as of and for the year ended January 29, 2023 and our unaudited quarterly condensed financial statements for the quarterly and year-to-date periods ended October 30, 2022, July 31, 2022 and May 1, 2022.

This Amendment No. 1 also includes amendments to and restates the following items of the Original Form 10- Q as of and for the quarter ended April 30, 2023:

- **Part I—Item 1. Financial Statements and Financial Statement Schedules**
- **Part I—Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**
- **Part I—Item 4. Controls and Procedures**
- **Part II—Item 1A. Risk Factors**
- **Part II—Item 6. Exhibits**

In accordance with applicable SEC rules, this Amendment No. 1 includes new certifications from our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer dated as of the date of this filing and the financial statements formatted in Extensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL) in Exhibit 101. Other than as described above, this Amendment No. 1 does not reflect adjustments for events occurring after the filing of the Original Form 10-Q except to the extent that they are otherwise required to be included and discussed herein. See below and Part I, Item 1, Note 2. Restatement and Other Corrections of Previously Issued Condensed Financial Statements in the notes to the condensed financial statements included in this Amendment No. 1 for a detailed discussion of the effect of the restatement on the condensed financial statements included in this Amendment No. 1.

Pursuant to Rule 12b-15 under the Exchange Act, this Amendment No. 1 contains only the items and exhibits to the Original Form 10-Q that are being amended and restated, and unaffected items and exhibits are not included herein. Except as noted herein, the information included in the Original Form 10-Q remains unchanged. This Amendment No. 1 continues to describe the conditions as of the date of the Original Form 10-Q and, except as contained herein, we have not updated or modified the disclosures contained in the Original Form 10-Q to reflect any events that have occurred after the Original Form 10-Q. Accordingly, forward-looking statements included in this Amendment No. 1 may represent management’s views as of the Original Form 10-Q and should not be assumed to be accurate as of any date thereafter. This Amendment No. 1 should be read in conjunction with the Company’s filings made with the SEC subsequent to the filing of the Original Form 10-Q, including any amendment to those filings.

Background on the Restatement

As previously disclosed in the Company’s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 16, 2023, the Audit Committee (the “Audit Committee”) of the Board of Directors of The Lovesac Company commenced an internal investigation in June 2023 related to the recording of last mile shipping expenses, resulting from the discovery of an inappropriately recorded journal entry in the quarter ended April 30, 2023 to capitalize \$2.2 million of shipping expenses

[Table of Contents](#)

that related to the fiscal year ended January 29, 2023. That investigation has been completed, and the results are discussed in this Explanatory Note.

Through the investigation, the Company determined that the aforementioned journal entry was not in compliance with GAAP and upon further investigation identified certain errors, that were erroneously recorded with respect to the methodology used by the Company to calculate the accrual of its last mile freight expenses which impacted the Company's financial statements for the Affected Periods and the quarter ended April 30, 2023. The Company determined that the impact for the fiscal year end of January 30, 2022, in aggregate was \$0.2 million and immaterial to the overall financial statements. The Company determined that the accrual methodology was not correctly designed to develop a dedicated accrual for shipping expenses incurred in the period but not yet invoiced. The Company further determined that the assumptions used for the accrual estimates were in certain instances understated or incomplete. On August 15, 2023, the Company, in consultation with the Audit Committee of its Board of Directors and outside advisors, reached a determination that the Company's financial statements for fiscal year 2023 included in the Original Form 10-K and the interim periods included therein, management's report on internal control over financial reporting for the fiscal year ended January 29, 2023, the associated audit report and report on internal control over financial reporting of the Company's independent registered public accounting firm, Deloitte & Touche LLP, and the Company's condensed financial statements included in the Original Form 10-Q, should no longer be relied upon. The Company determined that it is appropriate to correct the Misstatements and other immaterial accounting errors in the Affected Periods by amending the Original Filings.

The restated financial statements correct the following errors related to last mile expense:

Cost of Merchandise Sold

- Understatement of \$0.1 million for the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022
- Understatement of \$0.3 million for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023

Certain Balance Sheet Items

At May 1, 2022, the impact of the error understated prepaid expenses and other current assets by \$0.1 million, understated accrued expenses by less than \$0.1 million, and overstated accumulated deficit by less than \$0.1 million. There was no impact to net cash used in operating activities.

At April 30, 2023, the impact of the error overstated merchandise inventories, net by \$2.2 million, understated prepaid expenses and other current assets by \$0.6 million, overstated accrued expenses by less than \$0.1 million, and overstated accumulated earnings by \$1.6 million. There was no impact to net cash used in operating activities.

Selected Key Items

The following table sets forth the effects of the restatement associated with correction of the Misstatements and other immaterial accounting errors, respectively, on certain key items within our previously reported Statements of Operations for the quarterly period ended April 30, 2023 and May 1, 2022:

<i>(in thousands)</i>	For the Thirteen Weeks Ended			
	April 30, 2023		May 1, 2022	
	As Previously Reported	As Restated	As Previously Reported	As Restated
Net sales	\$ 141,193	\$ 141,193	\$ 129,380	\$ 129,380
Gross profit	70,704	70,575	66,108	65,974
Operating (loss) income	(5,869)	(5,706)	2,645	2,494
Net (loss) income	(4,230)	(4,115)	1,895	1,786

[Table of Contents](#)

The following table sets forth the effects of the restatement associated with correction of the Misstatements and other immaterial accounting errors, respectively, on certain key items within our previously reported Balance Sheets for the periods ended April 30, 2023 and January 29, 2023:

<i>(in thousands)</i>	As of			
	April 30, 2023		January 29, 2023	
	As Previously Reported	As Restated	As Previously Reported	As Restated
Total current assets	\$ 187,697	\$ 181,462	\$ 194,041	\$ 187,715
Total non-current assets	240,339	239,747	224,013	220,911
Total assets	428,036	421,209	418,054	408,626
Total current liabilities	96,922	89,127	88,839	82,041
Total non-current liabilities	141,868	142,826	135,955	133,491
Total liabilities	238,790	231,953	224,794	215,532
Total equity	189,246	189,256	193,260	193,094

The adjustments made as a result of the restatement are more fully discussed in Part I Item 1, Note 2. Restatement and Other Corrections of Previously Issued Condensed Financial Statements.

Internal Control Considerations

Management has reassessed its evaluation of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting as of April 30, 2023, as further described in Part I, Item 4 of this Amendment and concluded that certain material weakness existed and that internal control over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures were not effective during April 30, 2023 and January 29, 2023. See Part II Item 9A – Controls and Procedures in the Company’s Form 10-K/A for the year ended January 29, 2023 for a description of these matters.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION	1
Item 1. <u>Financial Statements</u>	1
Condensed Balance Sheets as of April 30, 2023 and January 29, 2023 (unaudited)	1
Condensed Statements of Operations for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 and May 1, 2022 (unaudited)	2
Condensed Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 and May 1, 2022 (unaudited)	3
Condensed Statements of Cash Flows for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 and May 1, 2022 (unaudited)	4
Notes to Financial Statements (unaudited)	5
Item 2. <u>Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	18
Item 4. <u>Controls and Procedures</u>	28
Part II. OTHER INFORMATION	31
Item 1A. <u>Risk Factors</u>	31
Item 6. <u>Exhibits</u>	31

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Amendment No. 1 contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and other legal authority, which statements may involve substantial risk and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements generally relate to future events or our future financial or operating performance. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements because they contain words such as “may,” “will,” “should,” “expects,” “plans,” “anticipates,” “could,” “intends,” “target,” “projects,” “contemplates,” “believes,” “estimates,” “predicts,” “potential,” or “continue” or the negative of these words or other similar terms or expressions that concern our expectations, strategy, plans, or intentions. .

You should not place undue reliance on forward looking statements. We cannot assure you that the events and circumstances reflected in the forward-looking statements will be achieved or occur at all or on a specified timeframe. The cautionary statements set forth in this Amendment No. 1, including in Part I – Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, and elsewhere, identify important factors which you should consider in evaluating our forward-looking statements. These factors include, among other things: business disruptions or other consequences of economic instability, political instability, civil unrest, armed hostilities , natural and man-made disasters, pandemics or other public health crises, such as the COVID-19 pandemic and related variants, or other catastrophic events; the impact of changes or declines in consumer spending and increases in interest rates and inflation on our business, sales, results of operations and financial condition; our ability to manage and sustain our growth and profitability effectively, including in our ecommerce business, forecast our operating results, and manage inventory levels; our ability to remediate our material weakness and maintain effective internal control over financial reporting; our ability to improve our products and develop new products; our ability to successfully open and operate new showrooms; our ability to advance, implement or achieve the goals set forth in our ESG Report; our ability to realize the expected benefits of investments in our supply chain and infrastructure; disruption in our supply chain and dependence on foreign manufacturing and imports for our products; our ability to acquire new customers and engage existing customers; reputational risk associated with increased use of social media; our ability to attract, develop and retain highly skilled associates; system interruption or failures in our technology infrastructure needed to service our customers, process transactions and fulfill orders; unauthorized disclosure of sensitive or confidential information through breach of our computer system; the ability of third-party providers to continue uninterrupted service; the impact of tariffs, and the countermeasures and tariff mitigation initiatives; the regulatory environment in which we operate, our ability to maintain, grow and enforce our brand and intellectual property rights and avoid infringement or violation of the intellectual property rights of others; and our ability to compete and succeed in a highly competitive and evolving industry.

We caution you that the foregoing list may not contain all the forward-looking statements made in this Amendment No. 1.

You should not rely upon forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. We have based the forward-looking statements contained in this Amendment No. 1 primarily on our current expectations and projections about future events and trends that we believe may affect our business, financial condition, results of operations, and prospects. The outcome of the events described in these forward-looking statements is subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors described in the sections entitled “Risk Factors” and in “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K/A filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and in this Amendment No. 1. Moreover, we operate in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment. New risks and uncertainties emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict all risks and uncertainties that could have an impact on the forward-looking statements contained in this Amendment No. 1. We cannot assure you that the results, events, and circumstances reflected in the forward-looking statements will be achieved or occur at all or on a specified timeline, and actual results, events, or circumstances could differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements.

The forward-looking statements made in this Amendment No. 1 relate only to events as of the date on which the statements are made. We undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements made in this Amendment No. 1 to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this Amendment No. 1 or to reflect new information or the occurrence of unanticipated events, except as required by law. We may not actually achieve the plans, intentions, or expectations disclosed in our forward-looking statements, and you should not place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements. Our forward-looking statements do not reflect the potential impact of any future acquisitions, mergers, dispositions, joint ventures, or investments we may make.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

THE LOVESAC COMPANY
CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

	April 30, 2023	January 29, 2023
	(As Restated)	(As Restated)
(amounts in thousands, except share and per share amounts)		(unaudited)
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 45,125	\$ 43,533
Trade accounts receivable	18,447	9,103
Merchandise inventories, net	104,458	119,627
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	13,432	15,452
Total Current Assets	<u>181,462</u>	<u>187,715</u>
Property and equipment, net	59,219	52,904
Operating lease right-of-use assets	143,609	135,411
Other Assets		
Goodwill	144	144
Intangible assets, net	1,445	1,411
Deferred tax asset	9,959	8,677
Other assets	25,371	22,364
Total Other Assets	<u>36,919</u>	<u>32,596</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 421,209</u>	<u>\$ 408,626</u>
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 30,097	\$ 24,576
Accrued expenses	16,265	25,417
Payroll payable	6,582	6,783
Customer deposits	15,372	6,760
Current operating lease liabilities	16,933	13,075
Sales taxes payable	3,878	5,430
Total Current Liabilities	<u>89,127</u>	<u>82,041</u>
Operating Lease Liabilities, long-term	142,826	133,491
Line of Credit	—	—
Total Liabilities	<u>231,953</u>	<u>215,532</u>
Commitments and Contingencies (see Note 7)		
Stockholders' Equity		
Preferred Stock \$0.00001 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding as of April 30, 2023 and January 29, 2023.	—	—
Common Stock \$0.00001 par value, 40,000,000 shares authorized, 15,217,120 shares issued and outstanding as of April 30, 2023 and 15,195,698 shares issued and outstanding as of January 29, 2023.	—	—
Additional paid-in capital	182,831	182,554
Accumulated earnings	6,425	10,540
Stockholders' Equity	<u>189,256</u>	<u>193,094</u>
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	<u>\$ 421,209</u>	<u>\$ 408,626</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

THE LOVESAC COMPANY
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(unaudited)

(amounts in thousands, except per share data and share amounts)	Thirteen weeks ended	
	April 30, 2023	May 1, 2022
	(As Restated)	(As Restated)
Net sales	\$ 141,193	\$ 129,380
Cost of merchandise sold	70,618	63,406
Gross profit	70,575	65,974
Operating expenses		
Selling, general and administration expenses	56,546	44,918
Advertising and marketing	16,913	15,901
Depreciation and amortization	2,822	2,661
Total operating expenses	76,281	63,480
Operating (loss) income	(5,706)	2,494
Interest income (expense), net	341	(35)
Net (loss) income before taxes	(5,365)	2,459
Benefit from (provision for) income taxes	1,250	(673)
Net (loss) income	\$ (4,115)	\$ 1,786
Net (loss) income per common share:		
Basic	\$ (0.27)	\$ 0.12
Diluted	\$ (0.27)	\$ 0.11
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:		
Basic	15,230,763	15,155,378
Diluted	15,230,763	16,173,339

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

THE LOVESAC COMPANY
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
FOR THE THIRTEEN WEEKS ENDED APRIL 30, 2023 AND MAY 1, 2022
(unaudited)

(amounts in thousands, except share amounts)	Common		Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated (Deficit) Earnings	Total Shareholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount			
Balance - January 30, 2022 (As Restated)	15,123,338	\$ —	\$ 173,762	\$ (15,948)	\$ 157,814
Net income (As restated)	—	—	—	1,786	1,786
Equity based compensation	—	—	1,163	—	1,163
Issuance of common stock for restricted stock	1,704	—	—	—	—
Taxes paid for net share settlement of equity awards	—	—	(47)	—	(47)
Balance - May 1, 2022 (As Restated)	<u>15,125,042</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 174,878</u>	<u>\$ (14,162)</u>	<u>\$ 160,716</u>
Balance - January 29, 2023 (As Restated)	15,195,698	\$ —	\$ 182,554	\$ 10,540	\$ 193,094
Net loss (As restated)	—	—	—	(4,115)	(4,115)
Equity based compensation	—	—	747	—	747
Issuance of common stock for restricted stock	21,422	—	—	—	—
Taxes paid for net share settlement of equity awards	—	—	(470)	—	(470)
Balance - April 30, 2023 (As Restated)	<u>15,217,120</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 182,831</u>	<u>\$ 6,425</u>	<u>\$ 189,256</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

THE LOVESAC COMPANY
CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
(unaudited)

	Thirteen weeks ended	
	April 30, 2023	May 1, 2022
	(As Restated)	(As Restated)
(amounts in thousands)		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Net (loss) income	\$ (4,115)	\$ 1,786
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment	2,697	2,575
Amortization of other intangible assets	125	86
Amortization of deferred financing fees	42	29
Equity based compensation	747	1,163
Non-cash operating lease cost	5,315	4,184
Deferred income taxes	(1,282)	492
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Trade accounts receivable	(9,344)	2,134
Merchandise inventories	15,169	(14,515)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	4,221	813
Other assets	(3,007)	(26)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(10,378)	(11,768)
Operating lease liabilities	(2,511)	(4,571)
Customer deposits	8,612	(5,709)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	6,291	(23,327)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Purchase of property and equipment	(4,177)	(4,450)
Payments for patents and trademarks	—	(27)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(4,177)	(4,477)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Payment of deferred financing costs	(52)	(161)
Taxes paid for net share settlement of equity awards	(470)	(47)
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities	(522)	(208)
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,592	(28,012)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	43,533	92,392
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	<u>\$ 45,125</u>	<u>\$ 64,380</u>
Supplemental Cash Flow Disclosures		
Cash paid for taxes	\$ —	\$ 905
Cash paid for interest	\$ 30	\$ 33
Non-cash investing activities:		
Asset acquisitions not yet paid for at period end	\$ 4,994	\$ 1,541

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

THE LOVESAC COMPANY
CONDENSED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE THIRTEEN WEEKS ENDED APRIL 30, 2023 AND MAY 1, 2022

Note 1. Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The balance sheet of The Lovesac Company (the “Company”, “we”, “us” or “our”) as of January 29, 2023, which has been derived from our audited financial statements as of and for the 52-week year ended January 29, 2023, and the accompanying interim unaudited condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) for interim financial reporting. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in annual financial statements, prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“US GAAP”), have been condensed or omitted pursuant to those rules and regulations. The financial information presented herein, which is not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the full current fiscal year, reflects all adjustments which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of the interim unaudited condensed financial statements. Such adjustments are of a normal, recurring nature. These condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company’s financial statements filed in its Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the fiscal year ended January 29, 2023.

Due to the seasonality of the Company’s business, with the majority of our activity occurring in the fourth quarter of each fiscal year, the results of operations for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 and May 1, 2022 are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the full fiscal year.

Nature of Operations

We are a technology driven company that designs, manufactures and sells unique, high quality furniture derived through its proprietary "Designed for Life" approach which results in products that are built to last a lifetime and designed to evolve as our customers’ lives do. The Company markets and sells its products through modern and efficient showrooms and, increasingly, through online net sales directly at www.lovesac.com, supported by direct-to-consumer touch-feel points in the form of our own showrooms, which include our newly created mobile concierge and kiosks, as well as through shop-in-shops and online pop-up-shops with third party retailers. As of April 30, 2023, the Company operated 211 showrooms including kiosks and mobile concierges located throughout the United States. The Company was formed as a Delaware corporation on January 3, 2017, in connection with a corporate reorganization with SAC Acquisition LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, the predecessor entity to the Company.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. The Company evaluates its estimates and judgements on an ongoing basis based on historical experience, expectations of future events and various other factors we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances and revise them when necessary in the period the change is determined. Actual results may differ from the original or revised estimates.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company has considered all recent accounting pronouncements issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board and they were considered to be not applicable or the adoption of such pronouncements will not have a material impact on the financial statements.

Employee Benefit Plan

In February 2017, the Company established The Lovesac Company 401(k) Plan (the “401(k) Plan”) with Elective Deferrals beginning May 1, 2017. The 401(k) Plan calls for Elective Deferral Contributions, Safe Harbor Matching Contributions and Profit-Sharing Contributions. All associates of the Company will be eligible to participate in the 401(k) Plan as of the day of the month which is coincident with or next follows the date on which they attain age 21 and complete one month of service. Participants will be able to contribute up to 100% of their eligible compensation to the 401(k) Plan subject to limitations with the IRS. The Company's contributions to the 401(k) Plan were \$0.5 million and \$0.4 million for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 and May 1, 2022, respectively.

Note 2. Restatement and Other Corrections of Previously Issued Condensed Financial Statements

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of Lovesac completed an independent investigation in August 2023 whereby the Company concluded \$2.2 million of last mile shipping expenses relating to the fiscal year ended January 29, 2023 were improperly capitalized during the quarter ended April 30, 2023. Through this investigation, the Company also determined that the methodology used to estimate an accrual of last mile freight expenses at each period end was not accurate because the calculation did not use the correct number of shipments that were accepted by the shipper for delivery, but not yet invoiced to the Company. Management prepared a quantitative and qualitative analysis of these errors, along with certain other immaterial accounting errors, in accordance with the U.S. SEC Staff's Accounting Bulletin Nos. 99 and 108, Materiality, and concluded the aggregate impact of all the errors are material to the Company's previously reported interim, year-to-date, and annual financial statements as of and for the year ended January 29, 2023 and the Company's previously reported interim financial statements as of and for the three-month period ended April 30, 2023. As a result, the accompanying financial statements as of April 30, 2023, and for the three months ended April 30, 2023 and May 1, 2022, and related notes hereto, have been restated to correct these errors.

A summary of the impacts of the adjustments on the previously reported financial statements are included below:

<i>(in thousands)</i>	For the Thirteen Weeks Ended					
	April 30, 2023			May 1, 2022		
	As Previously Reported	As Restated		As Previously Reported	As Restated	
Net sales	\$ 141,193	\$ 141,193	\$	\$ 129,380	\$ 129,380	\$
Gross profit	70,704	70,575		66,108	65,974	
Operating (loss) income	(5,869)	(5,706)		2,645	2,494	
Net (loss) income	\$ (4,230)	\$ (4,115)	\$	1,895	1,786	\$

<i>(in thousands)</i>	As of					
	April 30, 2023			January 29, 2023		
	As Previously Reported	As Restated		As Previously Reported	As Restated	
Total current assets	\$ 187,697	\$ 181,462	\$	\$ 194,041	\$ 187,715	\$
Total non-current assets	240,339	239,747		224,013	220,911	
Total assets	\$ 428,036	\$ 421,209	\$	\$ 418,054	\$ 408,626	\$
Total current liabilities	96,922	89,127		88,839	82,041	
Total non-current liabilities	141,868	142,826		135,955	133,491	
Total liabilities	238,790	231,953		224,794	215,532	
Total equity	189,246	189,256		193,260	193,094	

A description of the errors and their impacts on the previously issued financial statements are included below.

Description of Misstatement Adjustments

(a) Last Mile Freight

[Table of Contents](#)

The Company recorded adjustments to correct misstatements identified from the internal investigation related to last mile freight expenses. The result of the investigation concluded an inappropriately recorded journal entry increased inventory by \$2.2 million related to shipping expense pertaining to fiscal 2023, and also concluded the methodology used to estimate last mile freight accrual was incorrect. The correction of these items represent the net impact of the findings from the investigation as noted above.

(b) Leases

The Company recorded adjustments to correct certain misstatements related to its operating leases. In the fiscal year 2022, the Company recorded an incorrect entry that resulted in the double-counting of rent expense associated with operating leases, with a corresponding impact on prepaid rent and lease liabilities as of January 30, 2022. In addition, the Company reversed the out of period correction of an incorrect entry pertaining to incremental borrowing rate that had been corrected for in the Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the fiscal year ended January 29, 2023. This entry had an impact on prepaid rent, right-of-use assets, and the current and long-term portion of operating lease liabilities, as of and during the fiscal year ended January 29, 2023. The Company also recorded the effects of an embedded lease entered into during the quarter that was previously identified and considered immaterial.

(c) Buyer's Remorse

The Company recorded an adjustment to correct certain canceled sales orders related to buyer's remorse, which related to fiscal 2023 and was incorrectly reflected as an increase to Selling, General and Administrative Expense for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023. The Company defines buyer's remorse as a customer who cancels an order within a short window of time after making a purchase.

(d) Supplier Rebates

During the quarter ended July 31, 2022, the Company received rebates from certain of its suppliers which was incorrectly recorded to cost of goods sold for the entire amount of the rebate received instead of deferring a portion of the rebate to inventory and recognizing the rebate in cost of goods sold as the related inventory was sold. We corrected these misstatements to defer the up-front consideration from suppliers when the retention or receipt of that consideration was to recognize the consideration as a reduction of cost of goods sold over the sell through rate of the inventory.

(e) Balance Sheet Reclassifications

The Company recorded adjustments to correct the classification of certain balance sheet reclassifications between short and long-term assets. These adjustments primarily related to the classification of prepaid expenses and other current assets and the classification of other assets (long-term). In addition, the Company recorded adjustments to correct the classification of tenant improvement allowances which resulted in a reclassification between prepaid expenses and other current assets and short-term lease liabilities.

(f) Income Taxes

The Company recorded adjustments to recognize the net impact on current and deferred income taxes associated with all the misstatements described herein. The adjustments to income taxes were recorded in the period corresponding with the respective misstatements. The correction of this error resulted in a decrease in benefit from income taxes for less than \$0.1 million for the period ended April 30, 2023.

(g) Inventory and Cost of Goods Sold

The Company recorded adjustments to correct for a misstatement of an accrual related to a duplicate recording of a vendor invoice for freight charges. The Company recorded another adjustment to correct for the misstatement of inventory related to partial returned goods.

(h) Equity Based Compensation Expense

The Company recorded an adjustment to recognize equity based compensation expense in the period ended April 30, 2023 related to a one-time performance and retention long-term incentive award granted to our Chief Executive Officer in March 2023.

Description of Restatement Tables

Below, we have presented a reconciliation from the as previously reported to the restated values for our condensed financial statements for the quarterly period ended April 30, 2023. The values as previously reported were derived from our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended April 30, 2023 filed on June 9, 2023.

THE LOVESAC COMPANY				
CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET				
(unaudited)				
April 30, 2023				
	As Previously Reported	Corrections	Reference	As Restated
Assets				
Current Assets				
Merchandise inventories, net	106,819	(2,361)	(a)(g)	104,458
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	17,306	(3,874)	(a)(b)(e)(f)	13,432
Total Current Assets	187,697	(6,235)		181,462
Operating lease right-of-use assets	142,463	1,146	(b)	143,609
Other Assets				
Deferred tax asset	10,750	(791)	(f)	9,959
Other assets	26,318	(947)	(e)	25,371
Total Other Assets	38,657	(1,738)		36,919
Total Assets	\$ 428,036	\$ (6,827)		\$ 421,209
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 32,165	\$ (2,068)	(b)	\$ 30,097
Accrued expenses	16,765	(500)	(a)(f)	16,265
Current operating lease liabilities	22,160	(5,227)	(b)(e)	16,933
Total Current Liabilities	96,922	(7,795)		89,127
Operating Lease Liability, long-term	141,868	958	(b)	142,826
Total Liabilities	238,790	(6,837)		231,953
Stockholders' Equity				
Additional paid-in capital	182,770	61	(h)	182,831
Accumulated earnings (deficit)	6,476	(51)	(a)(b)(f)(g)(h)	6,425
Stockholders' Equity	189,246	10		189,256
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 428,036	\$ (6,827)		\$ 421,209

The description of each error is described above. The impact of each error for the corresponding period in the above table is described below:

(a) Last Mile Freight - The correction of these misstatements resulted in a decrease to merchandise inventories, net of \$2.2 million, an increase to prepaid expenses and other current assets of \$0.6 million, a decrease to accrued expenses of less than \$0.1 million, and a decrease to accumulated earnings of \$1.6 million at April 30, 2023.

(b) Leases - The correction of these misstatements resulted in an increase to prepaid expenses and other current assets of less than \$0.1 million, an increase to operating lease right-of-use assets of \$1.1 million, a decrease to accounts payable of

[Table of Contents](#)

\$2.1 million, an increase to current operating lease liabilities of \$0.2 million, an increase to operating lease liability, long-term of \$1.0 million, and an increase to accumulated earnings of \$2.1 million at April 30, 2023.

(e) Balance Sheet Reclassifications - The correction of these misstatements resulted in a decrease to prepaid expenses and other current assets of \$4.5 million, a decrease to current operating lease liabilities of \$5.5 million and a decrease to other assets of \$1.0 million at April 30, 2023.

(f) Income Taxes - The tax impact of all misstatements resulted in a decrease to prepaid expenses and other current assets of less than \$0.1 million, a decrease to deferred tax asset of \$0.8 million, a decrease to accrued expenses of \$0.5 million, and a decrease to accumulated earnings of \$0.3 million at April 30, 2023.

(g) Inventory and Cost of Goods Sold - The correction of these misstatements resulted in a decrease to merchandise inventories, net of \$0.1 million and a decrease to accumulated earnings of \$0.1 million at April 30, 2023.

(h) Equity Based Compensation Expense - The correction of these misstatements resulted in an increase to additional paid-in capital of \$0.1 million and decrease in accumulated earnings of \$0.1 million at April 30, 2023.

THE LOVESAC COMPANY
CONDENSED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
(unaudited)

	For the Thirteen Weeks Ended April 30, 2023			
	<u>As Previously Reported</u>	<u>Corrections</u>	<u>Reference</u>	<u>As Restated</u>
Cost of merchandise sold	70,489	129	(a)(g)	70,618
Gross profit	70,704	(129)		70,575
Operating expenses				
Selling, general and administration expenses	56,838	(292)	(b)(c)(h)	56,546
Total operating expenses	76,573	(292)		76,281
Operating (loss) income	(5,869)	163		(5,706)
Net (loss) income before taxes	(5,528)	163		(5,365)
Benefit from (provision for) income taxes	1,298	(48)	(f)	1,250
Net (loss) income	\$ (4,230)	\$ 115		\$ (4,115)
Net (loss) income per common share:				
Basic	\$ (0.28)	\$ 0.01		\$ (0.27)
Diluted	\$ (0.28)	\$ 0.01		\$ (0.27)

The description of each error is described above. The impact of each error for the corresponding period in the above table is described below:

- (a) Last Mile Freight - The correction of these misstatements resulted in an increase to cost of merchandise sold of \$0.3 million for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023.
- (b) Leases - The correction of these misstatements resulted in an increase to selling, general and administrative expenses of less than \$0.1 million for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023.
- (c) Buyer's Remorse - The correction of these misstatements resulted in a decrease to selling, general and administrative expenses of \$0.4 million for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023.
- (f) Income Taxes - The tax impact of all misstatements resulted in a decrease to benefit from income taxes of less than \$0.1 million for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023.
- (g) Inventory and Cost of Goods Sold - The correction of these misstatements resulted in a decrease to cost of merchandise sold of \$0.2 million for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023.
- (h) Equity Based Compensation Expense - The correction of these misstatements resulted in an increase to selling, general and administrative expenses of \$0.1 million for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023.

THE LOVESAC COMPANY
CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
FOR THE THIRTEEN WEEKS ENDED APRIL 30, 2023
(unaudited)

(amounts in thousands, except share amounts)	Restatement Reference	Common		Additional paid-in capital	Accumulated earnings (deficit)	Total Shareholders' Equity
		Shares	Amount			
As Previously Reported						
Balance - January 29, 2023		15,195,698	\$ —	\$ 182,554	\$ 10,706	\$ 193,260
Net loss		—	—	—	(4,230)	(4,230)
Equity-based compensation		—	—	686	—	686
Balance - April 30, 2023		15,217,120	\$ —	\$ 182,770	\$ 6,476	\$ 189,246
Restatement Impacts						
Balance - January 29, 2023	(a)(b)(c)(f)(g)	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (166)	\$ (166)
Net income	(a)(b)(c)(f)(g)(h)	—	—	—	115	115
Equity-based compensation	(h)	—	—	61	—	61
Balance - April 30, 2023		—	\$ —	\$ 61	\$ (51)	\$ 10
As Restated						
Balance - January 29, 2023		15,195,698	\$ —	\$ 182,554	\$ 10,540	\$ 193,094
Net loss		—	—	—	(4,115)	(4,115)
Equity-based compensation		—	—	747	—	747
Balance - April 30, 2023		15,217,120	\$ —	\$ 182,831	\$ 6,425	\$ 189,256

See descriptions of the net (loss) income impacts in the statement of operations for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 section above.

THE LOVESAC COMPANY
CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
(unaudited)

	For the Thirteen Weeks Ended April 30, 2023			
	As Previously Reported	Corrections	Reference	As Restated
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Net (loss) income	\$ (4,230)	\$ 115	(a)(b)(c)(f)(g)(h)	\$ (4,115)
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to cash provided by operating activities:				
Equity based compensation	686	61	(h)	747
Non-cash operating lease cost	5,308	7	(b)	5,315
Deferred income taxes	(1,330)	48	(f)	(1,282)
Change in operating assets and liabilities:				
Trade accounts receivable	(8,978)	(366)	(c)	(9,344)
Merchandise inventories	13,143	2,026	(a)(g)	15,169
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	5,971	(1,750)	(a)(b)(e)(f)	4,221
Other assets	(4,455)	1,448	(e)	(3,007)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(5,785)	(4,593)	(a)(b)(f)	(10,378)
Operating lease liabilities	(5,515)	3,004	(b)(e)	(2,511)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>6,291</u>	<u>—</u>		<u>6,291</u>
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(4,177)</u>	<u>—</u>		<u>(4,177)</u>
Cash Flows from Financing Activities				
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(522)</u>	<u>—</u>		<u>(522)</u>
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	<u>1,592</u>	<u>—</u>		<u>1,592</u>
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning	43,533			43,533
Cash and cash equivalents - Ending	<u>\$ 45,125</u>	<u>\$ —</u>		<u>\$ 45,125</u>

See descriptions of the net (loss) income impacts in the statement of operations for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 section above.

No other misstatements impacted the classifications between net operating, net investing, or net financing cash flow activities for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023.

Note 3. Revenue Recognition

The Company's revenue consists substantially of product net sales. The Company reports product net sales net of discounts and recognizes them at the point in time when control transfers to the customer, which generally occurs upon our delivery to a third-party carrier.

Shipping and handling charges billed to customers are included in revenue. The Company recognizes shipping and handling expense as fulfillment activities (rather than a promised good or service) when the activities are performed. Accordingly, the Company records the expenses for shipping and handling activities at the same time the Company recognizes revenue. Shipping and handling costs incurred are included in cost of merchandise sold and include inbound freight and tariff costs relative to inventory sold, warehousing, and last mile shipping to our customers. During the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 and May 1, 2022, shipping and handling costs were \$37.9 million and \$35.0 million, respectively.

Estimated refunds for returns and allowances are recorded using our historical return patterns, adjusting for any changes in returns policies. The Company records estimated refunds for net sales returns on a monthly basis as a reduction of net sales and cost of sales on the condensed statements of operations and an increase in inventory and customers returns liability on the condensed balance sheets. There was a returns allowance recorded on the condensed balance sheet in the amount of \$2.1 million as of April 30, 2023 and \$4.5 million as of January 29, 2023, which was included in accrued expenses and

[Table of Contents](#)

\$0.5 million as of April 30, 2023 and \$1.0 million as of January 29, 2023, associated with sales returns included in merchandise inventories.

In some cases, deposits are received before the Company transfers control, resulting in contract liabilities. These contract liabilities are reported as customer deposits on the Company's condensed balance sheet. As of April 30, 2023 and January 29, 2023, the Company recorded under customer deposit liabilities the amount of \$15.4 million and \$6.8 million respectively. During the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 and May 1, 2022, the Company recognized approximately \$6.8 million and \$13.3 million, respectively, related to our customer deposits.

The Company offers its products through an inventory lean omni-channel platform that provides a seamless and meaningful experience to its customers in showrooms, which includes mobile concierge and kiosks, and through the internet. The Other channel predominantly represents net sales through the use of online pop-up-shops and shop-in-shops that are staffed with associates trained to demonstrate and sell our product. The following represents net sales disaggregated by channel:

(amounts in thousands)	Thirteen weeks ended	
	April 30, 2023	May 1, 2022
Showrooms	\$ 83,574	\$ 81,254
Internet	40,225	31,255
Other	17,394	16,871
	<u>\$ 141,193</u>	<u>\$ 129,380</u>

The Company has no foreign operations and its net sales to foreign countries was less than 0.01% of total net sales in both fiscal 2024 and 2023. The Company had no customers that comprise more than 10% of total net sales for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 and May 1, 2022.

See **Note 10** included in the Original Form 10-Q for sales disaggregated by product

Barter Arrangements

The Company has a bartering arrangement with a third-party vendor. The Company repurposes returned open-box inventory in exchange for media credits, which are being used to support our advertising initiatives to create brand awareness and drive net sales growth. Barter transactions with commercial substance are recorded at a transaction price based on the estimated fair value of the non-cash consideration of the media credits to be received and the revenue is recognized when control of inventory is transferred, which is when the inventory is picked up in our warehouse. Fair value is estimated using various considerations, including the cost of similar media advertising if transacted directly, the expected sales price of product given up in exchange for the media credits, and the expected usage of media credits prior to expiration based on a marketing spend forecast. The Company recognizes an asset for media credits which is subsequently evaluated for impairment at each reporting period for any changes in circumstances. As the barter credits are expected to be utilized at various dates through their expiration dates, the Company will classify the amount expected to be utilized in the next fiscal year as current, which is included in Prepaid and Other Current Assets, with the remaining balance included as part of Other Assets on the balance sheet.

During the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 and May 1, 2022, the Company recognized \$4.1 million and \$2.6 million, respectively, of barter sales in exchange for media credits. The Company had \$28.5 million and \$25.2 million of unused media credits as of April 30, 2023 and January 29, 2023, respectively, and did not recognize any impairment. The difference between the opening and closing balances of the Company's prepaid barter credit primarily results from the inventory exchanged for media credits during the period, offset by utilization of those credits.

Note 4. Income Taxes

The Company recorded an income tax benefit of \$1.3 million and income tax expense of \$0.7 million for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 and May 1, 2022, respectively. The effective tax rate was 23.3% for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 as compared to 27.4% for the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022. The effective tax rate for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 and May 1, 2022 varies from the 21% federal statutory tax rate primarily due to state taxes.

The Company does not anticipate any material adjustments relating to unrecognized tax benefits within the next twelve months; however, the ultimate outcome of tax matters is uncertain and unforeseen results can occur. The Company had no material interest or penalties during the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 and May 1, 2022, respectively, and does not anticipate any such items during the next twelve months. The Company's policy is to record interest and penalties directly related to uncertain tax positions as income tax expense in the condensed statements of operations.

Note 6. Leases

Components of lease expense were as follows (in thousands):

	Thirteen weeks ended	
	April 30, 2023	May 01, 2022
Operating lease expense	\$ 7,004	\$ 5,334
Variable lease expense	2,056	2,214
Short term lease expense	240	179
Total lease expense	<u>\$ 9,300</u>	<u>\$ 7,727</u>

Variable lease expense includes index-based changes in rent, maintenance, real estate taxes, insurance and other variable charges.

The Company's weighted average lease terms and weighted average discount rates are as follows:

	Thirteen weeks ended	
	April 30, 2023	May 01, 2022
(As Restated)		
Weighted average remaining lease term (in years)		
Operating Leases	7.5	7.2
Weighted average discount rate		
Operating Leases	4.43 %	3.97 %

We did not recognize any impairment charges associated with showroom-level right-of-use assets during the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 or May 1, 2022.

[Table of Contents](#)

Future minimum lease payments under non-cancelable leases as of April 30, 2023 were as follows (in thousands):

(amounts in thousands)	(As Restated)
2024	\$ 16,445
2025	28,909
2026	26,501
2027	24,170
2028	21,869
Thereafter	73,477
Total undiscounted future minimum lease payments	<u>191,371</u>
Less: imputed interest	<u>(31,612)</u>
Total present value of lease obligations	159,759
Less: current operating lease liability	(16,933)
Operating lease liability- long term	<u>\$ 142,826</u>

Supplemental Cash Flow information and non-cash activity related to our operating leases is as follows (in thousands):

(amounts in thousands)	Thirteen weeks ended	
	April 30, 2023	May 01, 2022
	(As Restated)	
Operating cash flow information:		
Amounts paid on operating lease liabilities	\$ 6,945	\$ 4,062
Non-cash activities		
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations	\$ 16,118	\$ 12,513

Note 7. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Proceedings

The Company is involved in various legal proceedings in the ordinary course of business. Management cannot presently predict the outcome of these matters, although management believes, based in part on the advice of counsel, that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a materially adverse effect on the Company's condensed financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

The Company has voluntarily self-reported to the SEC information concerning the internal investigation of the accounting matters described in the Explanatory Note and in **Note 2. Restatement and Other Corrections of Previously Issued Condensed Financial Statements** As a result of self-reporting, the Company is the subject of an ongoing, non-public investigation by the SEC. The Company is cooperating fully with the SEC in its investigation and continues to respond to requests in connection with this matter. The investigation could result in the SEC seeking various penalties and relief including, without limitation, civil injunctive relief and/or civil monetary penalties or administrative relief. The nature of the relief or remedies the SEC may seek with respect to the Company, if any, cannot be predicted at this time.

Note 9. Stockholders' Equity

Common Stock Warrants

On June 29, 2018, the Company issued 281,750 warrants with a five-year term to Roth Capital Partners, LLC as part of the underwriting agreement in connection with the Company's IPO. The warrants remain outstanding as of April 30, 2023. Warrants may be exercised on a cashless basis, where the holders receive fewer shares of common stock in lieu of a cash payment to the Company. There were no warrants issued, exercised, or expired and canceled for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 and May 1, 2022. As of April 30, 2023, 281,750 warrants remain outstanding with an average exercise price of \$19.20 and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 0.16 years. As of May 1, 2022, 281,750 warrants remain outstanding with an average exercise price of \$19.20 and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 1.16 years.

Equity Incentive Plan

The Company adopted the Amended and Restated 2017 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2017 Equity Plan") which provides for awards in the form of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, restricted stock units, performance shares, performance units, cash-based awards and other stock-based awards. All awards shall be granted within 10 years from the effective date of the 2017 Equity Plan. In fiscal 2024, the 2017 Equity Plan was amended and restated to increase the shares of our common stock authorized and reserved for issuance by 225,000 shares, which increased the number of shares of common stock reserved for issuance under the 2017 Equity Plan to 2,879,889 shares of common stock as of April 30, 2023.

Stock Options

In June 2019, the Company granted 495,366 non-statutory stock options to certain officers of the Company with an option price of \$8.10 per share. 100% of the stock options are subject to vesting on the third anniversary of the date of grant if the officers are still employed by the Company and the average closing price of the Company's common stock for the prior 40 consecutive trading days has been at least \$75 by the third anniversary of the grant. Both the employment and the market condition must be satisfied no later than June 5, 2024 or the options will terminate. These options were valued using a Monte Carlo simulation model to account for the path dependent market conditions that stipulate when and whether or not the options shall vest. The 495,366 stock options were modified in fiscal 2022 to extend the term of the options through June 5, 2024. This resulted in additional compensation of approximately \$0.9 million of which, \$0.3 million was recorded upon modification with the remaining expense to be recognized over the remaining expected term. The market condition was met on June 5, 2021, which was the date on which the average closing price of the Company's common stock had been at least \$75 for 40 consecutive trading days. The options vested and became exercisable on June 5, 2022 as the officers were still employed on that date.

There were no stock options issued, exercised, or expired and canceled for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 and May 1, 2022. As of April 30, 2023, 495,366 stock options remain outstanding with a weighted average exercise price of \$38.10, a weighted average remaining contractual life of 1.10 years, and no intrinsic value. As of May 1, 2022, 495,366

[Table of Contents](#)

stock options remain outstanding with a weighted average exercise price of \$38.10, a weighted average remaining contractual life of 2.1 years and intrinsic value of \$8.05.

Restricted Stock Units

A summary of the status of our unvested restricted stock units as of April 30, 2023 and May 1, 2022, and changes during the thirteen weeks then ended, is presented below:

	Number of shares	Weighted average grant date fair value
Unvested at January 29, 2023	640,256	\$ 34.50
Granted	693,989	26.97
Forfeited	(12,888)	35.17
Vested	(37,908)	46.22
Unvested at April 30, 2023	<u>1,283,449</u>	<u>\$ 30.07</u>

	Number of shares	Weighted average grant date fair value
Unvested at January 30, 2022	533,333	\$ 28.41
Granted	256,329	46.11
Forfeited	(20,159)	22.88
Vested	(2,480)	16.57
Unvested at May 1, 2022	<u>767,023</u>	<u>\$ 34.31</u>

Equity based compensation expense was approximately \$0.7 million and \$1.2 million for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 and May 1, 2022, respectively.

The total unrecognized equity-based compensation cost related to unvested stock option and restricted unit awards was approximately \$1.3 million as of April 30, 2023 and will be recognized in operations over a weighted average period of 4.1 years.

In March 2023, Shawn Nelson, our Chief Executive Officer, received a one-time performance and retention long-term incentive grant of 235,000 Restricted Stock Units (the "RSU Grant") pursuant to the 2017 Equity Plan and Mr. Nelson's Restricted Stock Units Agreement and Grant Notice (the "RSU Agreement"). The RSU Grant vests on the later to occur of (i) the fifth anniversary of the date of grant so long as, (x) on or prior to such date (subject to certain limited extensions), the Company has achieved a specified level of performance with respect to share price and net sales, and (y) Mr. Nelson remains in continuous service with the Company as Chief Executive Officer through such date; or (ii) if the specified level of performance with respect to net sales is not achieved on or prior to the fifth anniversary of the date of grant, but the other conditions in subclause (i) are achieved, the first date that such specified level of performance with respect to net sales is achieved, so long as it is achieved on or prior to the seventh anniversary of the date of grant and so long as Mr. Nelson remains in continuous service with the Company through such date. Except in the event of termination of employment as defined in the 2017 Equity Plan, the RSU Grant will be settled in shares of common stock of the Company on the first anniversary of the applicable vesting date. The RSU grant was valued using a Monte Carlo simulation model to account for the path dependent market conditions that stipulate when and whether or not the options shall vest. The expense will be recognized on a straight-line basis over the longest of the derived, explicit, or implicit service period.

Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed financial statements and related notes appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A for the period ended April 30, 2023 and our Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the fiscal year ended January 29, 2023. As discussed in the section titled “Forward-Looking Statements,” the following discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties, as well as assumptions that, if they never materialize or prove incorrect, could cause our results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to these differences include, but are not limited to, those identified in the Forward-Looking Statements section herein and set forth below and those discussed in the sections titled “Risk Factors” and “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” in our most recent report on Form 10-K/A filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

We operate on a 52- or 53-week fiscal year that ends on the Sunday closest to February 1. Each fiscal year generally is comprised of four 13-week fiscal quarters, although in the years with 53 weeks, the fourth quarter represents a 14-week period. The fiscal year ended February 4, 2024 will consist of 53 weeks.

Overview

We are a technology driven company that designs, manufactures and sells unique, high quality furniture derived through our proprietary "Designed for Life" approach which results in products that are built to last a lifetime and designed to evolve as our customers’ lives do. Our current product offering is comprised of modular couches called Sactionals, premium foam beanbag chairs called Sacs, and their associated home decor accessories. Innovation is at the center of our design philosophy with all of our core products protected by a robust portfolio of utility patents. We market and sell our products through an omni-channel platform that includes direct-to-consumer touch-feel points in the form of our own showrooms, which include our newly created mobile concierge and kiosks, and online directly at www.lovesac.com. We believe that our ecommerce centric approach, coupled with our ability to deliver our large upholstered products through express couriers, is unique to the furniture industry.

Restatement and Other Corrections of Previously Issued Financial Statements

The accompanying Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations gives effect to the correction of the Misstatements and other accounting errors described in the Explanatory Note, in our previously reported financial statements for the quarterly periods ended April 30, 2023 and May 1, 2022. For additional information and a detailed discussion of these error corrections, refer to the Explanatory Note, Part I, Item 1, Note 2, “Restatement and Other Corrections of Previously Issued Condensed Financial Statements” .

For a description of the control deficiencies identified by management as a result of the investigation and our internal reviews, and management’s plan to remediate those deficiencies, see Part I—Item 4—Controls and Procedures and see Part II—Item 9A—Controls and Procedures in the Company’s in our Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the fiscal year ended January 29, 2023.

Macroeconomic Factors and COVID-19

There are a number of macroeconomic factors and uncertainties affecting the overall business environment and our business, including increased inflation, rising interest rates, housing market conditions, consumer debt, the conflict in Ukraine and uncertainties in the global financial markets. These factors may have a negative impact on markets in which we operate, including the potential for an economic recession, a continued downturn in the housing market, disruption in the U.S. banking system, and a reduction in consumer discretionary spending. We believe that these macroeconomic factors have contributed to the slowdown in demand that we have experienced in our business which may continue. Although the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic has generally improved, there are uncertainties around the scope and severity of the pandemic and its variants, its impact on the global economy, including supply chains and labor in the countries in which we manufacture and source materials, and other business disruptions that may impact our operating results and financial condition.

Product Overview

Our products serve as a set of building blocks that can be rearranged, restyled and re-upholstered with any new setting, mitigating constant changes in fashion and style. They are built to last and evolve throughout a customer's life.

- **Sactionals.** Our Sactional product line currently represents a majority of our net sales. We believe our Sactionals platform is unlike competing products in its adaptability yet is comparable aesthetically to similarly priced premium couches and sectionals. Our Sactional products include a number of patented features relating to their geometry and modularity, coupling mechanisms and other features. Utilizing only two, standardized pieces, "seats" and "sides," and approximately 200 high quality, tight-fitting covers that are removable, washable, and changeable, customers can create numerous permutations of a sectional couch with minimal effort. Customization is further enhanced with our specialty-shaped modular offerings, such as our wedge seat and roll arm side. Our custom features and accessories can be added easily and quickly to a Sactional to meet endless design, style, storage and utility preferences, reflecting our Designed for Life philosophy. Sactionals are built to meet the highest durability and structural standards applicable to fixed couches. Sactionals are comprised of standardized units and we guarantee their compatibility over time, which we believe is a major pillar of their value proposition to the consumer. Our Sactionals represented 90.6% and 88.9% of our net sales for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 and May 1, 2022, respectively.

In October 2021, we introduced the new Sactionals StealthTech Sound + Charge product line. This unique innovation features immersive surround sound by Harman Kardon and convenient wireless charging, all seamlessly embedded and hidden inside the adaptable Sactionals platform. The System includes two Sound + Charge Sides each with embedded front- and rear-firing Harman Kardon speakers, a Subwoofer that easily integrates into a Sactionals Seat Frame and a Center Channel, all working in unison to deliver captivating surround sound that is completely hidden from view.

- **Sacs.** We believe that our Sacs product line is a category leader in oversized beanbags. The Sac product line offers 6 different sizes ranging from 22 pounds to 95 pounds with capacity to seat 3+ people on the larger model Sacs. Filled with Durafoam, a blend of shredded foam, Sacs provide serene comfort and guaranteed durability. Their removable covers are machine washable and may be easily replaced with a wide selection of cover offerings. Our Sacs represented 7.6% and 9.2% of our net sales for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 and May 1, 2022, respectively.
- **Other.** Our Other product line complements our Sacs and Sactionals by increasing their adaptability to meet evolving consumer demands and preferences. Our current product line offers Sactional-specific drink holders, Footsac blankets, decorative pillows, fitted seat tables and ottomans in varying styles and finishes and our unique Sactionals Power Hub, providing our customers with the flexibility to customize their furnishings with decorative and practical add-ons to meet evolving style preferences.

Sales Channels

We offer our products through an omni-channel platform that provides a seamless and meaningful experience to our customers online and in-store. Our distribution strategy allows us to reach customers through four distinct, brand-enhancing channels.

- **Showrooms.** We market and sell our products through 211 showroom locations at top tier malls, lifestyle centers, mobile concierge, kiosk, and street locations in 44 states in the U.S. We carefully select the best small-footprint showroom locations in high-end malls and lifestyle centers for our showrooms. Compared to traditional retailers, our showrooms require significantly less square footage because of our need to have only a few in-store sample configurations for display and our ability to stack our inventory for immediate sale. The architecture and layout of these showrooms is designed to communicate our brand personality and key product features. Our goal is to educate first-time customers, creating an environment where people can touch, feel, read, and understand the technology behind our products. We are updating and remodeling many of our showrooms to reflect our new showroom concept, which emphasizes our unique product platform, and is the standard for new showrooms. Our new showroom concept utilizes technology in more experiential ways to increase traffic and net sales. Net sales generated by this channel accounted for 59.2% of total net sales for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023, down from 62.8% of total net sales for the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022.

- **Ecommerce.** Through our ecommerce channel, we believe we are able to significantly enhance the consumer shopping experience for home furnishings, driving deeper brand engagement and loyalty, while also realizing more favorable margins than our showroom locations. We believe our robust technological capabilities position us well to benefit from the growing consumer preference to transact at home and via mobile devices. With furniture especially suited to ecommerce applications, our net sales generated by this channel accounted for 28.5% of total net sales for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023, up from 24.2% of total net sales for the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022, respectively.
- **Other touchpoints.** We augment our showrooms with other touchpoint strategies including online, pop-up-shops, shop-in-shops, and barter inventory transactions. Our barter inventory transactions with a third party vendor are part of our Circle to Customer ("CTC"), Designed for Life and Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") initiatives. CTC is our operational philosophy in which business processes, including the design of our products, are optimized for looped (circle) and/or local operations. We repurpose returned open-box inventory in exchange for media credits, which are being used to support our advertising initiatives to create brand awareness and drive net sales growth. We utilize in store pop-up-shops to increase the number of locations where customers can experience and purchase our products, a low cost alternative to drive brand awareness, in store net sales, and ecommerce net sales. These in store pop-up-shops are staffed similarly to our showrooms with associates trained to demonstrate and sell our products and promote our brand. Unlike the in store pop-up-shops which are typically 10-day shows, and pop-up locations, shop-in-shops are designed to be in permanent locations carrying the same digital technology of our showrooms and are also staffed with associates trained to demonstrate and sell our products. Shop-in-shops require less capital expenditure to open a productive space to drive brand awareness and touchpoint opportunities for demonstrating and selling our products. We operated 2 online pop-up-shops on Costco.com for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023, and 2 for the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022. We operated 23 Best Buy shop-in-shops for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023, up from 22 for the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022. Other net sales which includes pop-up-shop sales, shop-in-shop sales, and barter inventory transactions accounted for 12.3% of our total net sales for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023, down from 13.0% of our total net sales for the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022.

[Table of Contents](#)

(amounts in thousands, except per share data and share amounts)	Thirteen weeks ended	
	April 30, 2023	May 1, 2022
	(As Restated)	(As Restated)
Condensed Statement of Operations Data:		
Net sales		
Showrooms	\$ 83,574	\$ 81,254
Internet	40,225	31,255
Other	17,394	16,871
Total net sales	141,193	129,380
Cost of merchandise sold	70,618	63,406
Gross profit	70,575	65,974
Operating expenses		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	56,546	44,918
Advertising and marketing	16,913	15,901
Depreciation and amortization	2,822	2,661
Total operating expenses	76,281	63,480
Operating (loss) income	(5,706)	2,494
Interest income (expense), net	341	(35)
Net (loss) income before taxes	(5,365)	2,459
Benefit from (provision for) income taxes	1,250	(673)
Net (loss) income	\$ (4,115)	\$ 1,786
Net (loss) income attributable to common stockholders	\$ (4,115)	\$ 1,786
Net (loss) income per common share:		
Basic (1)	\$ (0.27)	\$ 0.12
Diluted (1)	\$ (0.27)	\$ 0.11
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:		
Basic	15,230,763	15,155,378
Diluted	15,230,763	16,173,339

(dollars in thousands)	Thirteen weeks ended	
	April 30, 2023	May 1, 2022
	(As Restated)	(As Restated)
EBITDA (2)(3)	\$ (2,884)	\$ 5,155
Adjusted EBITDA (2)(3)	\$ (2,132)	\$ 6,222

(amounts in thousands)	As of	
	April 30, 2023	January 29, 2023
	(As Restated)	(As Restated)
Balance Sheet Data:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 45,125	\$ 43,533
Working capital	92,335	105,674
Total assets	421,209	408,626
Total liabilities	231,953	215,532
Total stockholders' equity	189,256	193,094

(amounts in thousands)	Thirteen weeks ended	
	April 30, 2023	May 1, 2022
		(As Restated)
Condensed Statement of Cash flow Data:		
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ 6,291	\$ (23,327)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(4,177)	(4,477)
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities	(522)	(208)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	1,592	(28,012)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	45,125	64,380

- (1) For the calculation of basic and diluted net income per share, see Note 5 and Note 9 to our condensed financial statements.
- (2) EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are “Non-GAAP Measures” that are supplemental measures of financial performance that are not required by, or presented in accordance with, GAAP. We believe that EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are useful measures of operating performance, as they eliminate expenses that are not reflective of the underlying business performance, facilitate a comparison of our operating performance on a consistent basis from period-to-period and provide for a more complete understanding of factors and trends affecting our business. Additionally, EBITDA is frequently used by analysts, investors and other interested parties to evaluate companies in our industry. We use EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA, alongside GAAP measures such as gross profit, operating income (loss) and net income (loss), to measure and evaluate our operating performance and we believe these measures are useful to investors in evaluating our operating performance.

These Non-GAAP Measures should not be considered as alternatives to net income (loss) or net income (loss) per share as a measure of financial performance, cash flows from operating activities as a measure of liquidity, or any other performance measure derived in accordance with GAAP. They should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be unaffected by unusual or non-recurring items. Additionally, our Non-GAAP Measures are not intended to be measures of free cash flow for management’s discretionary use, as they do not consider certain cash requirements such as tax payments and debt service requirements and certain other cash costs that recur in the future. Our Non-GAAP Measures contain certain other limitations, including the failure to reflect our cash expenditures, cash requirements for working capital needs and cash costs to replace assets being depreciated and amortized. In addition, our Non-GAAP Measures exclude certain non-recurring and other charges.

In the future, we may incur expenses that are the same as or similar to some of the adjustments in our Non-GAAP Measures. Our presentation of our Non-GAAP Measures should not be construed to imply that our future results will be unaffected by any such adjustments. Management compensates for these limitations by relying primarily on our GAAP results and by using our Non-GAAP Measures as supplemental information. Our Non-GAAP Measures are not necessarily comparable to other similarly titled captions of other companies due to different methods of calculation.

- (3) We define “EBITDA” as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization. We define “Adjusted EBITDA” as EBITDA adjusted for the impact of certain non-cash and other items that we do not consider in our evaluation of ongoing operating performance. These items include equity-based compensation expense and certain other charges and gains that we do not believe reflect our underlying business performance.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The following provides a reconciliation of Net income to EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA for the periods presented:

(amounts in thousands)	Thirteen Weeks Ended	
	April 30, 2023	May 1, 2022
	(As Restated)	(As Restated)
Net (loss) income	(4,115)	1,786
Interest (income) expense, net	(341)	35
Income tax (benefit) expense	(1,250)	673
Depreciation and amortization	2,822	2,661
EBITDA	(2,884)	5,155
Equity-based compensation (a)	805	1,172
Other non-recurring expenses (b)	(53)	(105)
Adjusted EBITDA	<u>\$ (2,132)</u>	<u>\$ 6,222</u>

- (a) Represents expenses, such as compensation expense and employer taxes related to RSU equity vesting and exercises associated with stock options and restricted stock units granted to our associates and board of directors. Employer taxes are included as part of selling, general and administrative expenses on the Statements of Operations.
- (b) Other non-recurring expenses in the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 represents business loss proceeds received from an insurance settlement. Other non-recurring expenses in the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022 represents a legal settlement.

How We Assess the Performance of Our Business

We consider a variety of financial and operating measures, including the following, to evaluate our business, measure our performance, identify trends affecting our business, formulate business plans, and make strategic decisions.

Net Sales

Net sales reflect our sale of merchandise plus shipping and handling revenue less returns and discounts. Net sales made at Company operated showrooms, including shop-in-shops and pop-up-shops, and via the web are recognized, typically at the point of transference of title when the goods are shipped.

Gross Profit

Gross profit is equal to our net sales less cost of merchandise sold. Gross profit as a percentage of our net sales is referred to as gross margin.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses include all operating costs, other than advertising and marketing expense, not included in cost of merchandise sold. These expenses include all payroll and payroll-related expenses; showroom expenses, including occupancy costs related to showroom operations, such as rent and common area maintenance; occupancy and expenses related to many of our operations at our headquarters, including utilities, equity based compensation, financing related expense; public company expenses; and credit card transaction fees. Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of net sales is usually higher in lower volume quarters and lower in higher volume quarters because a significant portion of the costs are relatively fixed.

[Table of Contents](#)

Our recent revenue growth has been accompanied by increased selling, general and administrative expenses. The most significant components of these increases are payroll and rent costs. We expect these expenses, as well as rent expense associated with the opening of new showrooms, to increase as we grow our business. While we expect to leverage total selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of net sales as net sales volumes continue to grow, the impact will be lessened by our continued investments to support our continued growth. These investments include research and development costs on our existing and future products and foundational technology investments..

Advertising and Marketing Expense

Advertising and marketing expense include digital, social, and traditional advertising and marketing initiatives, that cover all of our business channels. Advertising and marketing expense is expected to continue to increase as a percentage of net sales as we continue to invest in advertising and marketing which has accelerated net sales growth.

Basis of Presentation and Results of Operations

The following table sets forth, for the periods presented, our condensed statement of operations data as a percentage of total revenues:

	Thirteen weeks ended	
	April 30, 2023	May 1, 2022
Statement of Operations Data:		
Net sales	100 %	100 %
Cost of merchandise sold	50 %	49 %
Gross profit	50 %	51 %
Selling, general and administrative expenses	40 %	35 %
Advertising and marketing	12 %	12 %
Depreciation and amortization	2 %	2 %
Operating (loss) income	-4 %	2 %
Interest expense, net	0 %	0 %
Net (loss) income before taxes	-4 %	2 %
Benefit from (provision for) income taxes	1 %	-1 %
Net (loss) income	-3 %	1 %

Thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 Compared to the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022

Net sales

Net sales increased \$11.8 million, or 9.1%, to \$141.2 million in the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 as compared to \$129.4 million in the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022. The increase in overall net sales was driven by growth across all channels. New customers increased by 19.7% in the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 as compared to 8.2% in the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022. We had 211 and 162 total showrooms as of April 30, 2023 and May 1, 2022, respectively. We opened 16 additional showrooms and did not remodel or close any showrooms in the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023. In comparison, we opened 11 showrooms, 5 kiosks and did not close or remodel any showrooms in the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022. Showroom net sales increased \$2.3 million, or 2.9%, to \$83.6 million in the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 as compared to \$81.3 million in the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022. This increase was due in large part to comparable sales increase of \$5.3 million, or 8.4%, to \$68.6 million in the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023, compared to \$63.3 million in the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022, related to higher point of sales transactions with lower promotional discounting and the addition of 50 new showrooms and one less kiosk. These increases are partially offset by higher unshipped orders as of April 30, 2023 as compared to May 1, 2022 due to promotional timing. Point of sales transactions represent orders placed through our showrooms which does not always reflect the point at which control transfers to the customer, which occurs upon shipment being confirmed. See Note 3 to the condensed financial statements. We believe point of sales transactions is a more accurate way to measure showroom performance and how our showroom associates are incentivized. Retail sales per selling square foot decreased \$116, or 19.4%, to \$483 in the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 as compared to \$599 in the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022. Total number of units sold at point of transaction also decreased by approximately 15.8% driven by lower productivity related to inflationary concerns. Internet net sales (sales made directly to customers through our ecommerce channel) increased \$8.9 million, or 28.7%, to \$40.2 million in the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 as compared to \$31.3 million in the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022 driven by a strong promotional campaigns. Other net sales, which include pop-up-shop sales, shop-in-shop sales, and barter inventory transactions increased \$0.5 million, or 3.1%, to \$17.4 million in the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 as compared to \$16.9 million in the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022. This increase was principally due to inventory barter transactions and the 95 Costco in store pop-up-shops that we did not have last year. This was partially offset by lower productivity of our temporary online pop-up-shops on Costco.com. We also opened 1 additional Best Buy shop-in-shop location compared to the prior year period.

Gross profit

Gross profit increased \$4.6 million, or 7.0%, to \$70.6 million in the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 from \$66.0 million in the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022. Gross margin decreased to 50.0% of net sales in the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 from 51.0% of net sales in the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022. The decrease in gross margin percentage of 100 basis points was primarily driven by a decrease of 120 basis points in product margin driven by higher promotional discounting partially offset by a decrease of approximately 20 basis points in total distribution and related tariff expenses. The slight decrease in total distribution and related tariff expenses over prior year is principally related to the positive impact of 180 basis points decrease in inbound transportation costs partially offset by 160 basis points in higher outbound transportation and warehousing costs.

Selling, general and administrative expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$11.6 million, or 25.9%, to \$56.5 million in the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 as compared to \$44.9 million in the prior year period. The increase in selling, general and administrative expenses was primarily related to an increase in employment costs, overhead expenses, selling related expenses and rent. Employment costs increased by \$5.9 million driven by an increase in new hires. Overhead expenses increased \$2.5 million consisting of an increase of \$2.9 million in investments in the business to support current and future growth, and an increase of \$0.1 million in insurance expense related to the growth of the Company, slightly offset by a decrease of \$0.4 million in equity-based compensation and a reduction in travel of \$0.1 million. Rent increased by \$1.4 million related to \$1.8 million rent expense from our net addition of 49 showrooms partially offset by a \$0.4 million reduction in percentage rent. Selling related expenses increased \$1.7 million principally due to credit card fees related to the increase in net sales and an increase in credit card rates.

[Table of Contents](#)

Selling, general and administrative expenses were 40.0% of net sales in the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 as compared to 34.7% of net sales in the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022. The increase in selling, general and administrative expenses of 530 basis points was primarily due to deleverage within employment cost, continuous investments to support current and future growth, selling related expenses, rent, and insurance, partially offset by equity-based compensation and travel.

Advertising and Marketing

Advertising and marketing expenses increased \$1.0 million, or 6.4%, to \$16.9 million for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 as compared to \$15.9 million in the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022. The majority of the increase in advertising and marketing dollars relates to the ongoing investments in marketing spends to support our net sales growth. The investment by quarter may vary greatly. Advertising and marketing expenses were 12.0% of net sales in the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 as compared to 12.3% of net sales in the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022.

Depreciation and amortization expenses

Depreciation and amortization expenses increased \$0.1 million, or 6.1%, to \$2.8 million in the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 as compared to \$2.7 million in the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022. The increase in depreciation and amortization expense principally relates to capital investments for new and remodeled showrooms.

Interest income (expense), net

Interest income was \$0.3 million for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 as compared to an interest expense of less than \$0.1 million for the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022. Interest income earned on the Company's cash and cash equivalents balances was favorable from higher interest rates compared to the prior year period.

Benefit (provision) for income taxes

Income tax benefit was \$1.3 million for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023, compared to income tax expense of \$0.7 million for the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022. The change in provision is primarily driven by the Company generating net loss before taxes of \$5.4 million and net income before taxes of \$2.5 million for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 and May 1, 2022, respectively.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

General

Our business relies on cash flows from operations, our revolving line of credit (see "Revolving Line of Credit" below) and securities issuances as our primary sources of liquidity. Our primary cash needs are for marketing and advertising, inventory, payroll, showroom rent, capital expenditures associated with opening new showrooms and updating existing showrooms, as well as investments in our future and information technology. The most significant components of our working capital are cash and cash equivalents, merchandise inventory, prepaid expenses, accounts payable, accrued expenses, and customer deposits. Borrowings generally increase in our third fiscal quarter as we prepare to build our inventory levels in preparation for the fourth quarter holiday selling season. We believe that cash expected to be generated from operations, the availability under our revolving line of credit and our existing cash balances are sufficient to meet working capital requirements and anticipated capital expenditures for at least the next 12 months.

Cash Flow Analysis

A summary of operating, investing, and financing activities during the periods indicated are shown in the following table:

(amounts in thousands)	Thirteen weeks ended	
	April 30, 2023	May 1, 2022
		(As Restated)
Condensed Statement of Cash flow Data:		
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ 6,291	\$ (23,327)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(4,177)	(4,477)
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities	(522)	(208)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	1,592	(28,012)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	45,125	64,380

Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities

Cash from operating activities consists primarily of net income adjusted for certain non-cash items, including depreciation and amortization, equity-based compensation, non-cash operating lease cost, and deferred income taxes and the effect of changes in working capital and other activities.

In the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023, net cash provided by operating activities was \$6.3 million and consisted of changes in operating assets and liabilities of \$2.8 million, net loss of \$4.1 million, and adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities of \$7.6 million. Net cash provided by working capital and other activities consisted primarily of decreases in merchandise inventories of \$15.2 million and prepaid expenses and other current assets of \$4.2 million, and an increase in customer deposits of \$8.6 million, partially offset by increases in trade accounts receivable of \$9.3 million and other assets of \$3.0 million, and decreases in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$10.4 million and operating lease liabilities of \$2.5 million.

In the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022, net cash used in operating activities was \$23.3 million and consisted of changes in operating assets and liabilities of \$33.6 million, net income of \$1.8 million, and adjustments to reconcile net income to cash used in operating activities of \$8.5 million. Net cash used in working capital and other activities consisted primarily of increases in merchandise inventories of \$14.5 million and decreases in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$11.8 million, customer deposits of \$5.7 million, and operating lease liabilities of \$4.6 million, partially offset by decreases in trade accounts receivable of \$2.1 million and prepaid expenses and other current assets of \$0.8 million.

Net Cash Used in Investing Activities

Investing activities consist primarily of investments related to capital expenditures for new showroom openings, the remodeling of existing showrooms, and the acquisition of intangible assets.

For the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023 and May 1, 2022, capital expenditures were \$4.2 million and \$4.5 million, respectively, as a result of investments in new and remodeled showrooms and intangibles such as patents and trademarks.

Net Cash Used in Financing Activities

Financing activities consist primarily of taxes paid for the net settlement of equity awards and payment of deferred financing costs.

For the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023, net cash used in financing activities was \$0.5 million, mostly due to taxes paid for the net share settlement of equity awards. For the thirteen weeks ended May 1, 2022, net cash used in financing activities was \$0.2 million, mostly due to the payment of deferred financing costs.

Revolving Line of Credit

On March 25, 2022, the Company amended our existing credit agreement providing for an asset-based revolving credit facility with the lenders party thereto, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as administrative agent. The maturity date of our credit agreement was extended to March 25, 2024 and, among other things, the maximum revolver commitment was increased from \$25.0 million to \$40.0 million, subject to borrowing base and availability restrictions. Our credit agreement includes a \$1,000,000 sublimit for the issuance of letters of credit and a \$4,000,000 sublimit for swing line loans. On March 24, 2023, the Company amended the credit agreement to extend the maturity date to September 30, 2024. All other terms of the credit agreement remain unchanged. As of April 30, 2023, the Company's borrowing availability under the line of credit was \$36.0 million. As of April 30, 2023, there were no borrowings outstanding on this line of credit.

We are required to pay a commitment fee of 0.30% based on the daily unused portion of the credit facility. Amounts outstanding under the credit facility, at our option, bear interest at either a base rate or a term secured overnight term rate ("SOFR") based rate, plus, in either case, a margin determined by reference to our quarterly average excess availability under the credit facility and ranging from 0.50% to 0.75% for borrowings accruing interest at base rate and from 1.625% to 1.850% for borrowings accruing interest at term SOFR. Swing line loans will at all times accrue interest at a base rate plus the applicable margin. The lower margins described above will apply initially and will adjust thereafter from time to time based on the quarterly average excess availability under the credit facility. On March 24, 2023, the Company amended the credit agreement to extend the maturity date to September 30, 2024. All other terms of the credit agreement remain unchanged. For additional information regarding our line of credit with Wells Fargo, see **Note 8. Financing Arrangements**.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have no material off balance sheet arrangements as of April 30, 2023, except for employment agreements entered in the ordinary course of business.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations is based upon our condensed financial statements, which have been prepared in conformity with GAAP. Certain accounting policies and estimates are particularly important to the understanding of our financial position and results of operations and require the application of significant judgment by our management or can be materially affected by changes from period to period in economic factors or conditions that are outside of our control. As a result, they are subject to an inherent degree of uncertainty. In applying these policies, management uses their judgment to determine the appropriate assumptions to be used in the determination of certain estimates. Those estimates are based on our historical operations, our future business plans and projected financial results, the terms of existing contracts, observance of trends in the industry, information provided by our customers and information available from other outside sources, as appropriate. Please see Note 1 to our financial statements included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 29, 2023 for a complete description of our significant accounting policies. There have been no material changes to the significant accounting policies during the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Refer to Note 1. Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, contained in the Condensed Notes to Financial Statements in Item 1 of Part 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A for a full description of the recent accounting pronouncements and our expectation of their impact, if any, on our results of operations and financial condition.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer) and Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer), evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of April 30, 2023.

Based on such evaluation, at the time the Original Report was filed, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of April 30, 2023, to provide reasonable

assurance that information to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC and (ii) accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive and principal financial officers or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding disclosure. Subsequent to that evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of April 30, 2023, because of the material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting discussed below.

Previously Reported Material Weaknesses in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f). As reported in our 2023 Form 10-K/A, we did not maintain effective internal control over financial reporting as of January 29, 2023, as a result of material weaknesses in the control environment and control activities areas. A material weakness (as defined in Rule 12b-2 under the Exchange Act) is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of our annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. Refer to our 2023 Form 10-K/A for a description of our material weaknesses.

Ongoing Remediation Efforts to Address Material Weaknesses

Our material weaknesses were not remediated at April 30, 2023. Our Board of Directors and management are committed to the continued implementation of remediation efforts to address the material weaknesses. Management is devoting substantial resources to the ongoing implementation of remediation efforts to address the material weaknesses described herein. These remediation efforts, summarized below, which either have already been implemented or are continuing to be implemented, are intended to address both the identified material weaknesses and to enhance the Company's overall internal control over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures.

Certain organizational enhancements and remedial actions have been completed, including:

(i) the appointment of a new Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer effective June 30, 2023, as part of our program to develop and implement effective internal controls over financial reporting, and enhance the accounting and financial reporting function; (ii) the replacement and hiring of additional accounting and finance resources with public company experience to expand the knowledge of GAAP and SEC accounting rules and regulations; and (iii) the engagement of third-party consultants to assist in enhancing processes and policies over the existing controls and implementing new controls.

The Company has further identified and begun to implement several additional remedial actions, as follows:

(i) the enhancement of the policy on manual journal entries, including clarification of review and approval of authorization matrices, and training of requisite personnel to provide for appropriate levels of oversight and monitoring; and (ii) the enhancement of the Company's organizational structure over all finance functions and evaluating and realigning roles and responsibilities of management and personnel.

The Company also intends to enhance and implement effective control activities that contribute to the mitigation of risks and establish procedures that put policies into action. This will include: (i) enhancing, designing and implementing controls over the transportation accrual and estimation process; (ii) leveraging systems and workflows to enhance existing controls around financial reporting, and (iii) providing relevant training on internal controls over financial reporting to control owners and control preparers.

Management believes the foregoing efforts will effectively remediate the material weaknesses described above. As the Company continues to evaluate and improve its internal control over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures, management may determine to take additional measures to improve controls or determine to modify the remediation plan described above. The Company is working to remediate the material weaknesses as efficiently and effectively as possible with the goal of remediating each of the material weaknesses described above as soon as possible. Procedures to implement this remediation plan have to date required significant amounts of time, allocation of internal resources and external costs, and remaining remediation efforts will continue to place significant demands on financial and operational resources until this plan is completed.

As of the filing of this Amendment No. 1, the material weaknesses described above have not been remediated. The material weaknesses described above cannot be considered remediated until the applicable controls have operated for a sufficient

period of time and management has concluded, through testing, that these controls are designed and operating effectively. Accordingly, management will continue to monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting in the activities affected by the material weaknesses described above.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Other than as described above in connection with our material weaknesses discussed above, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended April 30, 2023 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed in the Company’s Amendment No. 1 to its Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the fiscal year ended January 29, 2023 filed on November 2, 2023.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description of Exhibit	Filed / Incorporated by Reference from Form **	Incorporated by Reference from Exhibit Number	Dated Filed
10.1+	Amendment No. 1 to The Lovesac Company Second Amended and Restated 2017 Equity Incentive Plan	8-K	10.1	06/02/2023
10.2+	Employment Agreement between the Company and Keith Siegner, dated June 1, 2023	8-K	10.1	06/07/2023
10.3+	Offer Letter between the Company and Keith Siegner, dated May 12, 2023	8-K	10.2	06/07/2023
31.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as amended	Filed herewith.		
31.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as amended	Filed herewith.		
32.1*	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as amended	Filed herewith.		
32.2*	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as amended	Filed herewith.		
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document			
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document			
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document			
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document			
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document			
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document			
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)			

+ Indicates a management contract or compensatory plan.

* This certification is deemed not filed for purposes of section 18 of the Exchange Act, or otherwise subject to the liability of that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended or the Exchange Act.

**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER
PURSUANT TO
EXCHANGE ACT RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a),
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Shawn Nelson, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A of The Lovesac Company;
 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.
 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.
-

Date: November 2, 2023

Signed: /s/ Shawn Nelson
Name: Shawn Nelson
Title: Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER
PURSUANT TO
EXCHANGE ACT RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a),
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Keith Siegner, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A of The Lovesac Company;
 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.
 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
-

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 2, 2023

Signed: /s/ Keith Siegner

Name:

Keith Siegner

Title:

Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER
PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Shawn Nelson, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A of The Lovesac Company for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023, fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in such Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of The Lovesac Company.

Date: November 2, 2023

Signed: /s/ Shawn Nelson
Name: Shawn Nelson
Title: Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER
PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Keith Siegner, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A of The Lovesac Company for the thirteen weeks ended April 30, 2023, fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in such Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of The Lovesac Company.

Date: November 2, 2023

Signed: /s/ Keith Siegner

Name:

Keith Siegner

Title:

Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)